

WIN-BIG





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-Women in EU Blue Economy Intelligence Gathering and Capacity Boosting



INTRODUCTION

The Blue Economy (BuE) is still a traditionally male-dominated economy in almost all its established and emerging sectors. Much has been done in terms of gender balance studies and actions towards the blue economy, but with a larger focus on more traditional sectors like fisheries or maritime transport. In fisheries for example, women constitute nearly 50% of those employed globally and also make up most of the workforce in coastal and maritime tourism. On the other hand, according to the latest WISTA-IMO survey data (2022), women account for only 29% of the overall workforce in the general industry and 20% of the workforce of national maritime authorities in Member States. The report highlights great variation amongst individual sub-sectors within the maritime industry's larger sector. According to data gathered from Member States, search and rescue teams in



national maritime authorities account for significantly fewer women staff (just 10%) as compared to female diplomats (33%) and training staff (30%). Industry data shows that women seafarers make up just 2% of the crewing workforce and are predominantly found in the cruise sector, while in ship owning companies, they made up 34% of the workforce.

This type of data is not available for all BuE sectors as yet. Still, women are in the lowest-paid, lowest-status positions, not progressing upwards in their careers or even dropping out as they hold the least-protected jobs, with their contributions being overlooked or undervalued.

At **European level**, recent sectorial national studies and gender gap analyses show that **women represent about 25.2% of the sea sectors in Portugal**, with a surprising **64% rate of female blue researchers in this country**, but the majority still at the lowest level of the career. In **France**, the **women across BuE sectors reach about 21%**. The same type of data is not available in other regions of EU. This supports the idea that **gender equality should be mainstreamed in appropriate legislation and policy initiatives** to promote the creation of more and better employment for women. Such mainstreaming would promote the reduction of occupational segregation and gender wage gaps; strengthening of women's income security and organizations; and assessment of the progress of the economic and social rights of women in the sector to ensure a gender-equal sustainable BuE.

METHODOLOGY

It is precisely to fill in these knowledge gaps across EU geographies and BuE sectors, as well as to promote capacity building for women in 3 BuE specific sectors that WIN-BIG was designed. The main objective of WIN-BIG is to expand our knowledge data set on gender in the EU BuE across all 6 EU sea basins and foster a more gender balanced and gender adapted sector using a bottom-up approach.



Figure 1: WIN-BIG Project extended partnership – 14 Consortium partners are joined by 8 high level individuals in WIN-BIG Advisory board and the extended Stakeholders support network, covering all 6 EU Sea Basins and going beyond EU borders, into Canada, África and Indic ocean.



RESULTS

WIN-BIG will work on **all 6 EU sea basins** (Atlantic, Mediterranean, Baltic, North Sea, Arctic and Black sea) to **map the current gender balance in regional BuE and across sectors**, to then work on and up the **value chain** towards determining the **current**, **and yet remaining**, **capacity needs and gaps in the more emergent sectors** for women to enter or climb the success ladder of the **European blue economy**. Having the current scenario as a starting point, and not disregarding the current geopolitical tensions and the extra burden brought up on women due to these, WIN-BIG will deliver on **10 specific objectives** as represented in figure on the side.

WIN-BIG results will be very relevant for the broader discussion of gender aspects in STEM disciplines, and will impact several levels and types of stakeholders as depicted in the next figure. But moslty WIN-BIG will also try to leverage men allies as they represente a very importnat player in the women career access and climibing of opportunities in European Blue Economy.

Figure 2: Global and EU Gender Status in BuE available data

Figure 3: WIN-BIG PERT DIAGRAM design





Figure 7: The WIN BIG specific objectives







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